

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS IN THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA

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CONTENT

- Research and development policy
- Production of R&D statistics

INSTITUTIONS INVOLVED IN R&D POLICY:

- Ministry of Education and Science
- Macedonian Academy of Sciences and Arts,
- Ministry of Economy
- Ministry of Health
- Ministry of Ecology
- 5 Universities and
- 13 S&T Institutes
- R&D unit within industry

Universities and S&T Institutes

- State Universities :
- Sts "Cyril and Methodius" Skopje
- Sts "Clement of Ohrid" Bitola
- State University of Tetovo
 Tetovo
- Private Universities :
- University of South and Eastern Europe Tetovo
- European University Skopje

INSTITUTIONS INVOLVED IN R&D

- The Ministry of Education and Science is the governmental body responsible for R&D policy in the Republic of Macedonia
- The Ministry has the responsibility to organise, finance, develop and promote science, technological development, technical culture, informatics and information systems as well as international co-operation related to these issues.
- The responsibilities of the Ministry also include issues related to all levels of education.

LEGAL FRAMWORK FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN R.MACEDONIA

- Law for Scientific and Research Activity
- Law on Encouraging and Supporting the Technological Development
- Law on Higher Education
- Law on Industrial and Intellectual Property Protection
- Law for Macedonian Academy of Sciences and Arts

The goals of R&D policy are to:

- Increase the use and transfer of knowledge for economic, social, cultural and environmental development of the Republic of Macedonia;
- Encourage and promote international cooperation and transfer of knowledge and technology from abroad;
- Introduce a monitoring and evaluation system of scientific and technological quality and output of research groups using internationally accepted standards and criteria

- Increase investments in S&T activities;
- Increase the use of international funds, technical assistance, etc.;
- Define and establish interdisciplinary programmes for target research

R&D intensity (%) of GDP by sector of performance

TYPE OF EXPENDITURE	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
GERD (Gross domestic expenditure on R&D)/GDP	0.43	0.35	0.44	0.32	0.27	0.22	0.25
BERD (Expenditure on R&D in the Business sector)/GDP	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.003	0.015
GOVERD (Government intramural expenditure on R&D)/GDP	0.15	0.16	0.15	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.12
HERD (Expenditure on R&D in the Higher Education)/GDP	0.23	0.14	0.27	0.13	0.11	0.08	0.11

II State Statistical Office R&D Statistics Sector for social statistics Department for social protection, education and science **1. Social protection**

- 2. Education
- **3. Science**

Survey in the R&D

- 1.Statistical survey for scientific and research - development activity annual survey
- **2. Innovation**
- (survey for reporting units) five-year survey

History of R&D

- The survey for research and development began in 1968
- From 1997 the methodology for surveying the scientific and researchdevelopment activity is changed according to the Frascati manual

Reporting units of R&D

1. The public institutions:

- Public scientific institutions
- Public and private university institutions
- Other institutions and institutes
- 2. Research development units in composition of business subjects in the area of economy
- 3. Business subjects in the area of economy, unregistered for research - development activity

LEGAL FRAMWORK FOR R&D

Law on State Statistics Law on Scientific and Research Activity

Law on Higher Education

Law on Macedonian Academy of Sciences and Arts

Response rate

- For 2005, the total received reports were 89.2 %.
- Response rate is similar to the previous years.

Users of R&D data

- Ministry of Education and Science
- Eurostat
- UNESCO
- Others

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- Data are processed according to:
 - Sector of performance
 - Type of employment
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Part time
 - Full time
 - -FTE

-Professional attainment

- -Ethnic affiliation
- -Field of science
- -ISIC
- -Expenditure
- -Personnel and expenditure by region

Problems

- Not all reporting units fill in the questionnaire
- All reporting units can not complete the data for the expenditures -the higher education institutions
- The Business Enterprise Sector is not completely covered because most of the enterprises do not work anymore.

Innovation statistics

- The research is carried out in 2005
- Methodological materials are obtained from Eurostat on our request
- The result is not published yet. The statistical publication for innovation is in phase of preparation
- The response rate is approximately 50%

Webpages:

www.m

- (Ministry of Education and Science)

<u>www.stat.gov.mk</u>

- (State Statistical Office)